



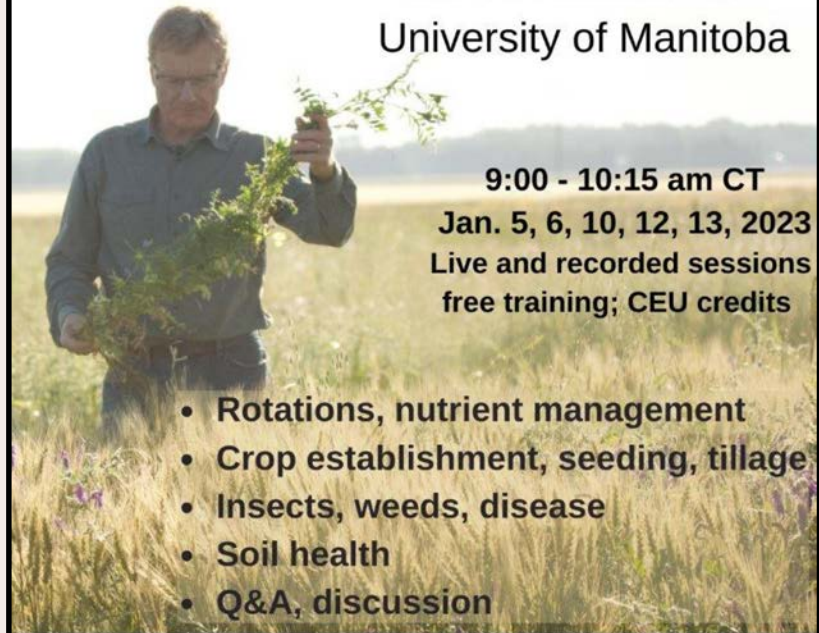
LESSON 2: PART 1

January 6, 2023

Crop Establishment and Seeding Systems

ORGANIC AGRONOMY TRAINING

with Dr. Martin Entz
University of Manitoba



9:00 - 10:15 am CT
Jan. 5, 6, 10, 12, 13, 2023
Live and recorded sessions
free training; CEU credits

- Rotations, nutrient management
- Crop establishment, seeding, tillage
- Insects, weeds, disease
- Soil health
- Q&A, discussion

Register now:

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The Prairie Organic Development Fund

- Investment platform established to develop organic agriculture and marketing in the Canadian Prairies
- Builds resilience in the sector by investing in
 - organic provincial associations (Capacity Fund); and
 - high impact programs (Innovation Fund) related to marketing, research, policy, education and capacity development that have broad public benefit to the organic sector.

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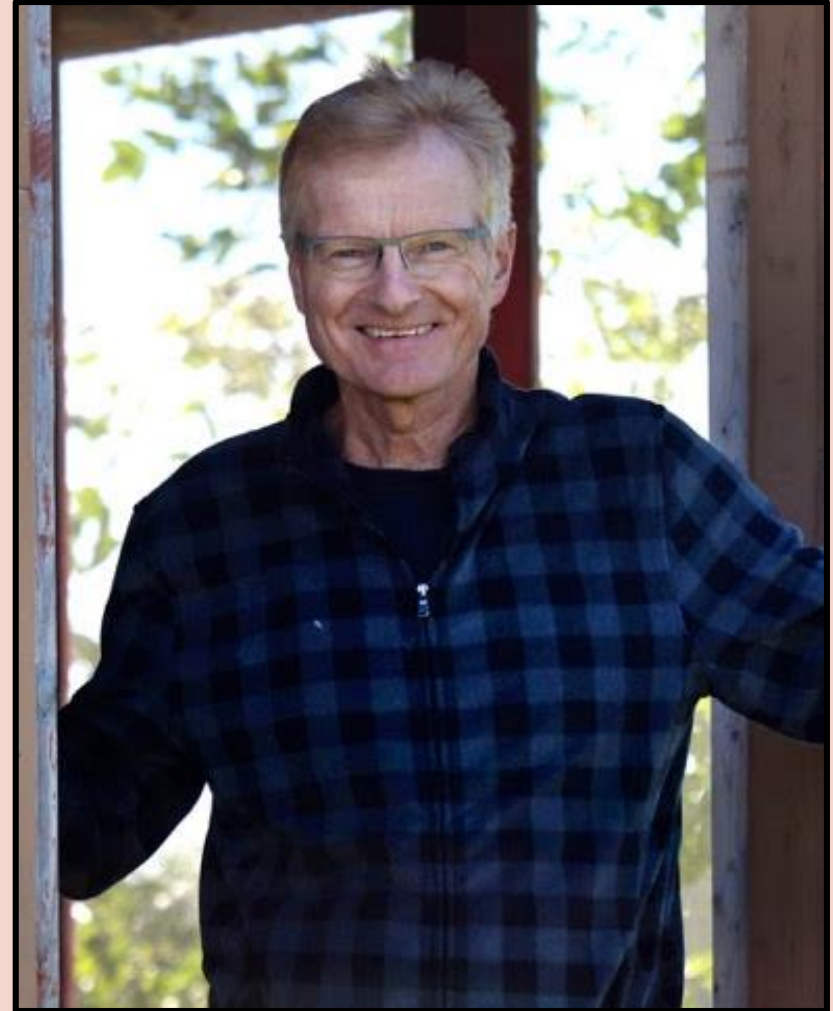
Friend: F.W. Cobs Company

We gratefully acknowledge funding from the Canadian Agricultural Partnership.

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Martin Entz, Ph.D.
Department of Plant Science
Natural Systems Agriculture Lab
University of Manitoba

umanitoba.ca/outreach/naturalagriculture/



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Lesson 2. Part 1. Seeds and seeding

- Crop cultivar selection
- Seed testing
- Seeding rates
- Seeding depth
- Seed size
- Intercrop options
- Forages and cover crops

Variety Descriptions

Variety ¹	Site	Yield bu/acre	Maturity	Height	Test Wt	Hull %	Hull Colour	Resistance to:				
	Years Tested		+/- 96 days	+/- 84 cm	+/- 39.3 lb/bu			Lodging	Smut	Crown Rust	Stem ² Rust	BYD ³
AAC Justice☺	37	154	0	5	0.5	22.8	White	G	R	I	I	I
AAC Kongsore	4	145	1	20	1.0	24.5	White/Light Grey	G	R	MS	I	R
AC Morgan	36	144	-1	15	-1.0	25.2	White	G	I	S	S	MS
CDC Arborg☺	25	155	-2	19	0.2	20.5	White	VG	R	I	S	S
CDC Big Brown☺	42	142	-1	3	0	20.4	Tan	G	R	R	MS	MS
CDC Dancer☺	40	137	-3	13	0.5	19.6	White	G	R	I	I	MS
CDC Endure☺	14	157	-1	13	-1.1	20.9	White	VG	R	MR	S	I
CDC Haymaker (F)☺	37	125	2	25	-1.0	22.0	White	G	MR	S	S	—
CDC Minstrel☺	46	146	0	8	-0.2	22.3	White	VG	R	MS	I	MS
CDC Morrison☺	13	134	-2	-3	-1.0	24.4	White	VG	R	MS	I	I
CDC Norseman☺	31	149	-3	5	-1.0	20.5	White	G	MS	MR	S	I
CDC Ruffian☺	39	150	0	0	-0.8	20.5	White	G	R	I	S	S
CDC Skye☺	6	138	-2	11	0.5	19.6	White	G	R	R	S	—
CS Camden☺	34	157	2	0	-1.5	21.1	White	VG	I	MS	S	S
Furlong☺	72	136	-1	20	0.5	20.3	Tan	G	R	S	I	MR
HiFi☺	62	144	-3	15	0	24.7	White	G	MS	I	I	MR
Jordan☺	52	146	2	8	-2.0	23.6	White	VG	R	I	I	MR
Leggett☺	144	142	0	0	0	23.0	White	G	R	R	I	MS
ORe3541M☺	25	141	-2	-2	0.6	23.3	White	VG	R	R	S	MS
ORe3542M☺	25	143	-1	-2	-1.1	24.4	White	VG	R	R	S	S
Pinnacle☺	50	153	3	10	-1.2	23.7	White	G	R	S	I	MS
Ronald☺	45	135	0	3	0	22.1	White	VG	R	S	I	MR
Souris☺	60	141	-4	0	0.5	20.9	White	G	R	MS	MR	MS
Stride☺	39	141	-2	13	0.6	23.7	White	VG	R	R	I	I
Summit☺	62	148	0	-3	0.5	20.8	White	G	R	I	I	I
Triactor☺	43	160	-1	8	-1.5	22.1	White	VG	I	MR	S	MS
Varieties being tested for adaptability in Western Canada												
Akina☺	41	155	-4	0	0.8	25.6	White	G	R	R	—	—
Bradley☺	30	140	2	8	—	21.7	White	G	R	MS	MS	MS
Kara☺	41	154	-3	-3	1.6	26.3	White	G	MR	MR	—	—
Kyron☺	14	153	-3	3	0.9	26.6	White	G	—	—	—	—
Varieties supported for registration												
CFA1502☺	14	157	1	1	1.0	28.0	White	G	—	MR	—	MR
OT2122	6	155	-2	11	-1.0	25.9	—	G	R	I	I	I
GRAND MEAN (bu/acre)		146										
LSD (bu/acre) (0.05)		8										

What to look for:

- Market class
- Yield and quality
- Days to maturity

Plus

- Disease resistance
- Height

Source: Seed Manitoba, 2021

Seed borne diseases a problem in organic



Smut in wheat

Variety Descriptions

Variety ¹	Site Years Tested	Yield bu/acre	Maturity +/- 96 days	Height +/- 84 cm	Test Wt +/- 39.3 lb/bu	Hull %	Hull Colour	Resistance to:					
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Kara [Ⓢ]	41	154	-3	-3	1.6	26.3	White	G	MR	MR	—	—	
Kyron [Ⓢ]	14	153	-3	3	0.9	26.6	White	G	—	—	—	—	

Have the varieties been tested in organic production?





AAC Brandon

Popular conventionally-bred



Agriculture and
Agri-Food Canada
Agriculture et
Agroalimentaire Canada

e 11
ville, AB

AAC Tradition

Selected under
organic by scientists



Agriculture and
Agri-Food Canada
Agriculture et
Agroalimentaire Canada



Line 12
Wood Mountain, SK

Selected under
organic by farmers

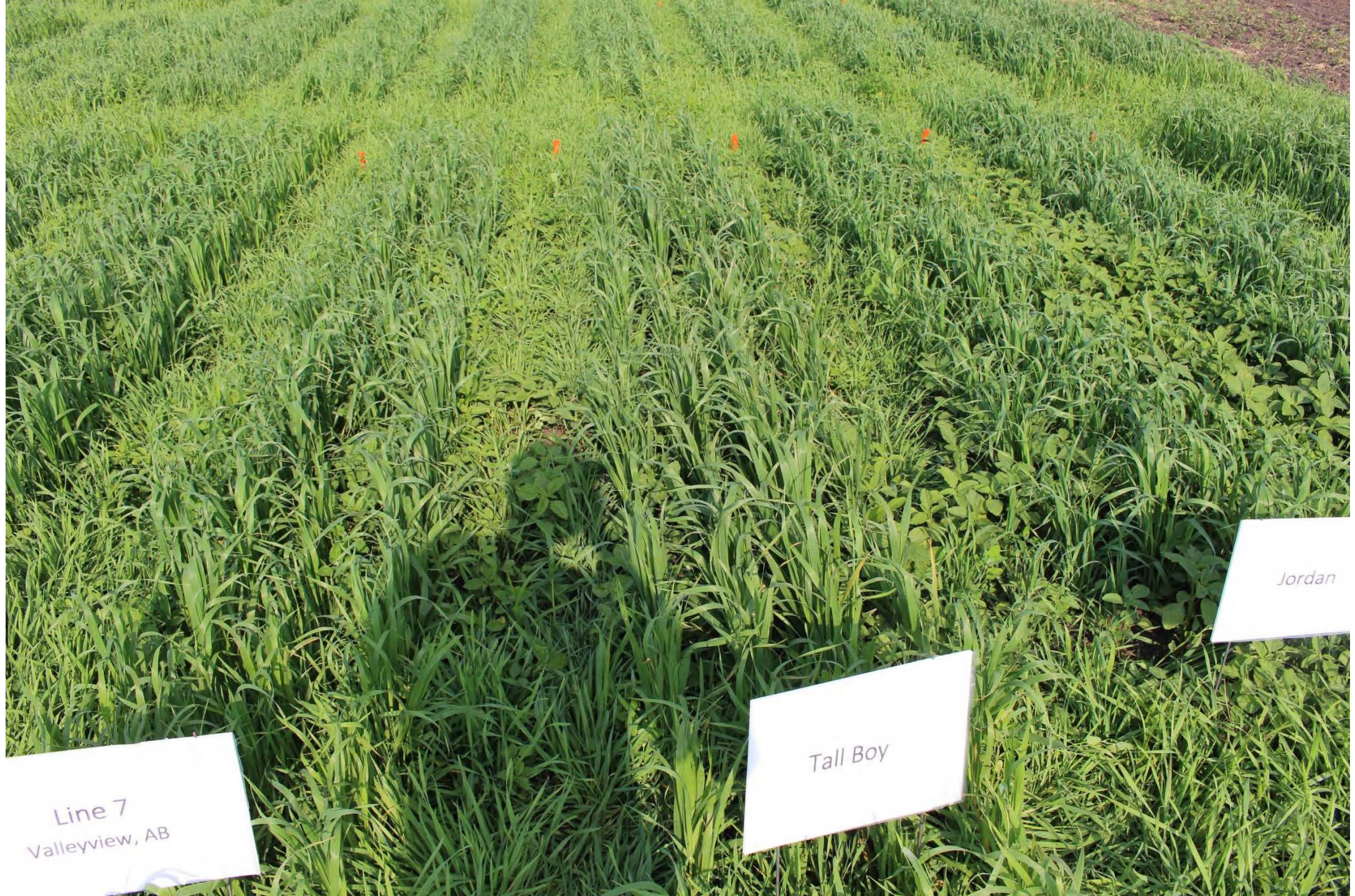


CDC Dancer



Souris

CDC Dancer



Line 7
Valleyview, AB


Tall Boy

Jordan

ouris

Summit
Popular conventionally-bred



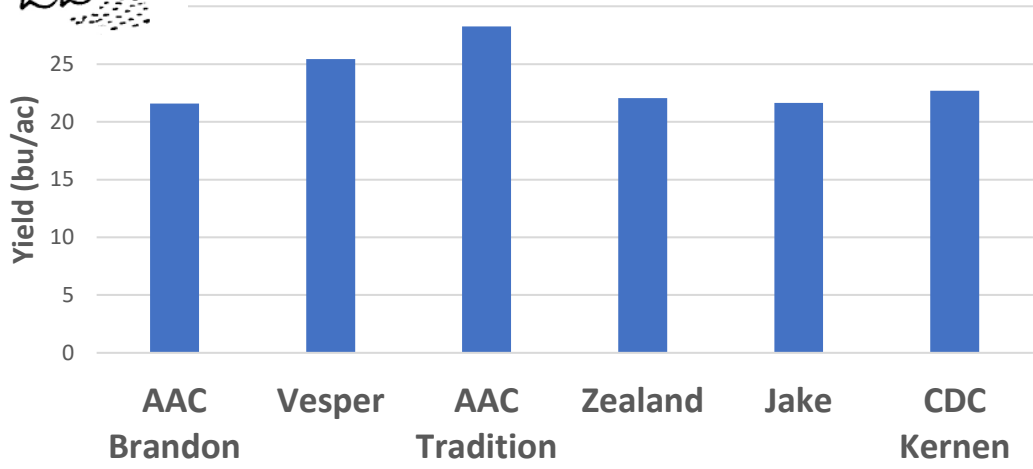


Line 9A
Fort Vermillion, AB

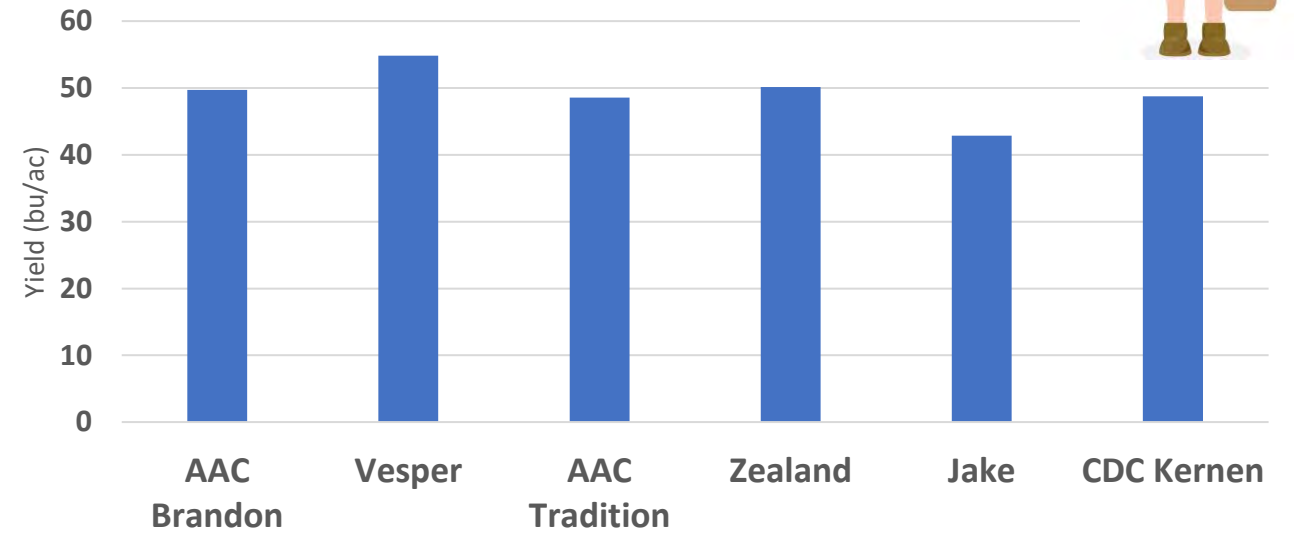
Selected under
organic by farmers



Average yield of Low Yielding Locations from 7 site-years under organic production



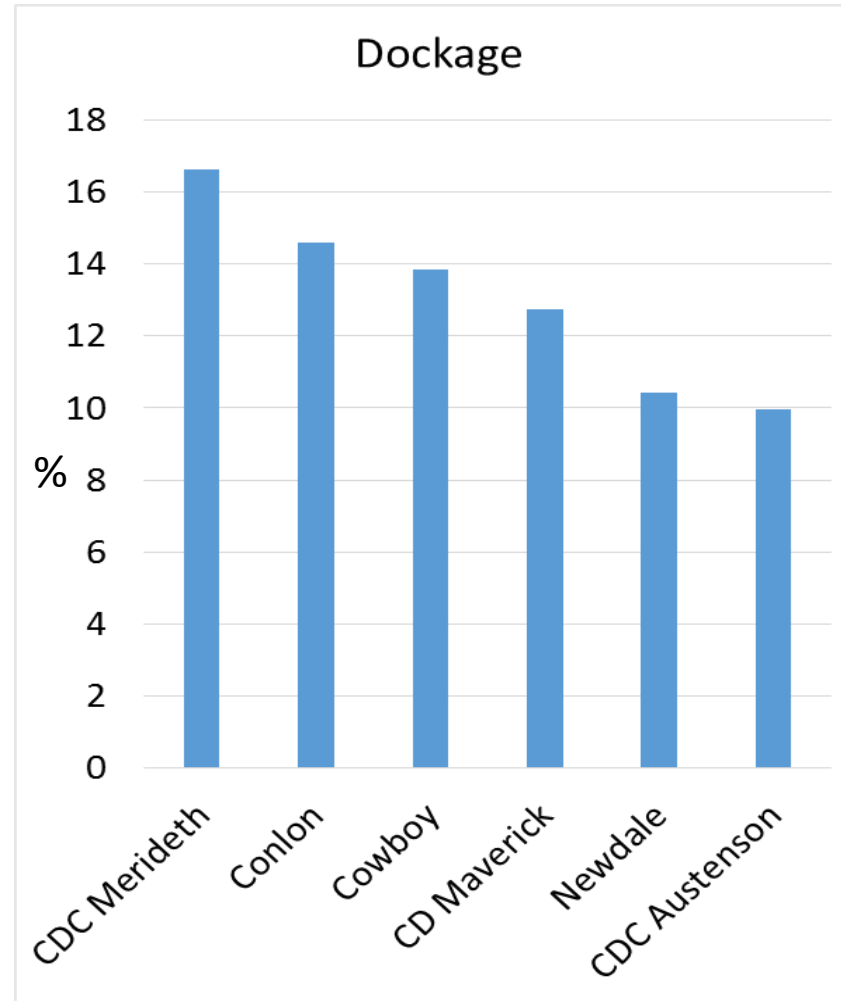
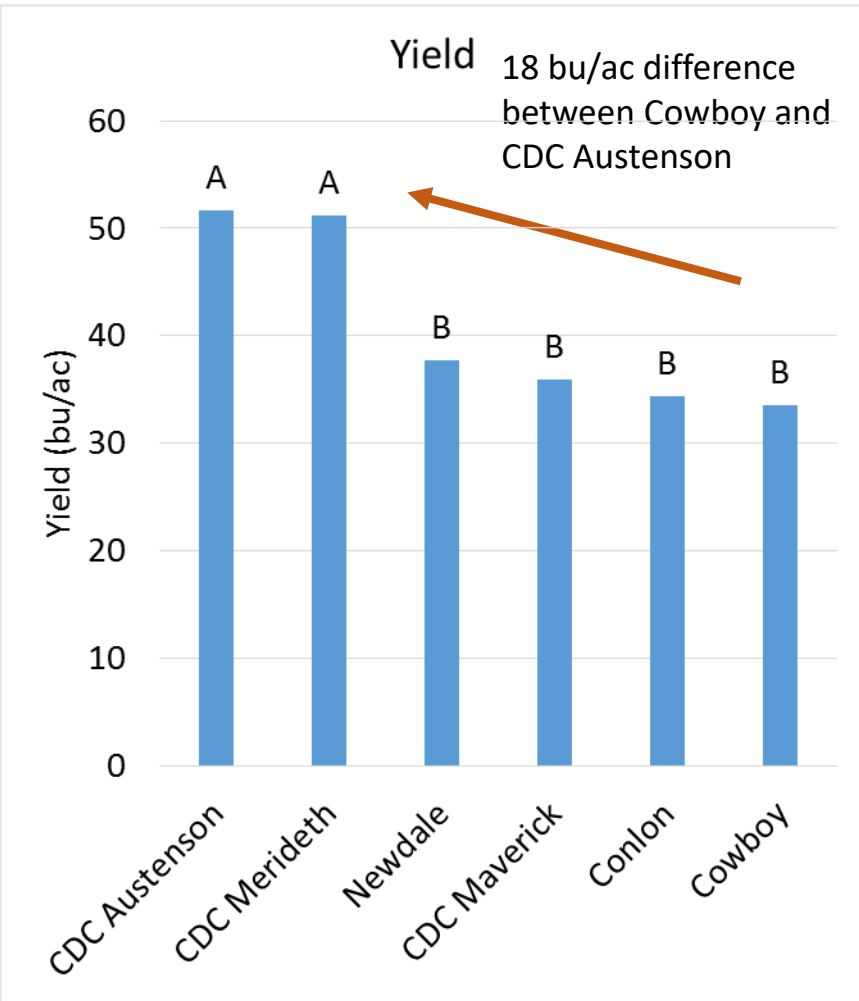
Average yield of High Yielding Locations from 7 site-years under organic production



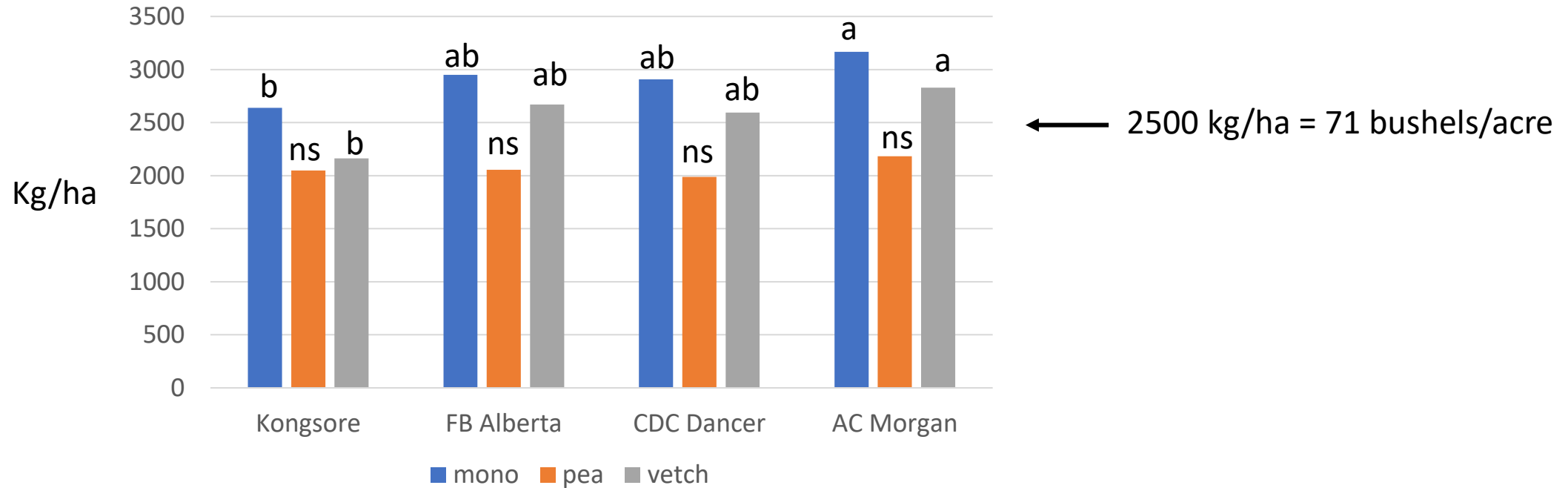
Source: M. Carkner



Barley – by variety



Oat variety response to intercropping



Oat varieties grown alone and as intercrops with pea and hairy vetch, Glenlea, Manitoba, 2021. Flood and Entz, unpublished

Seeding rate



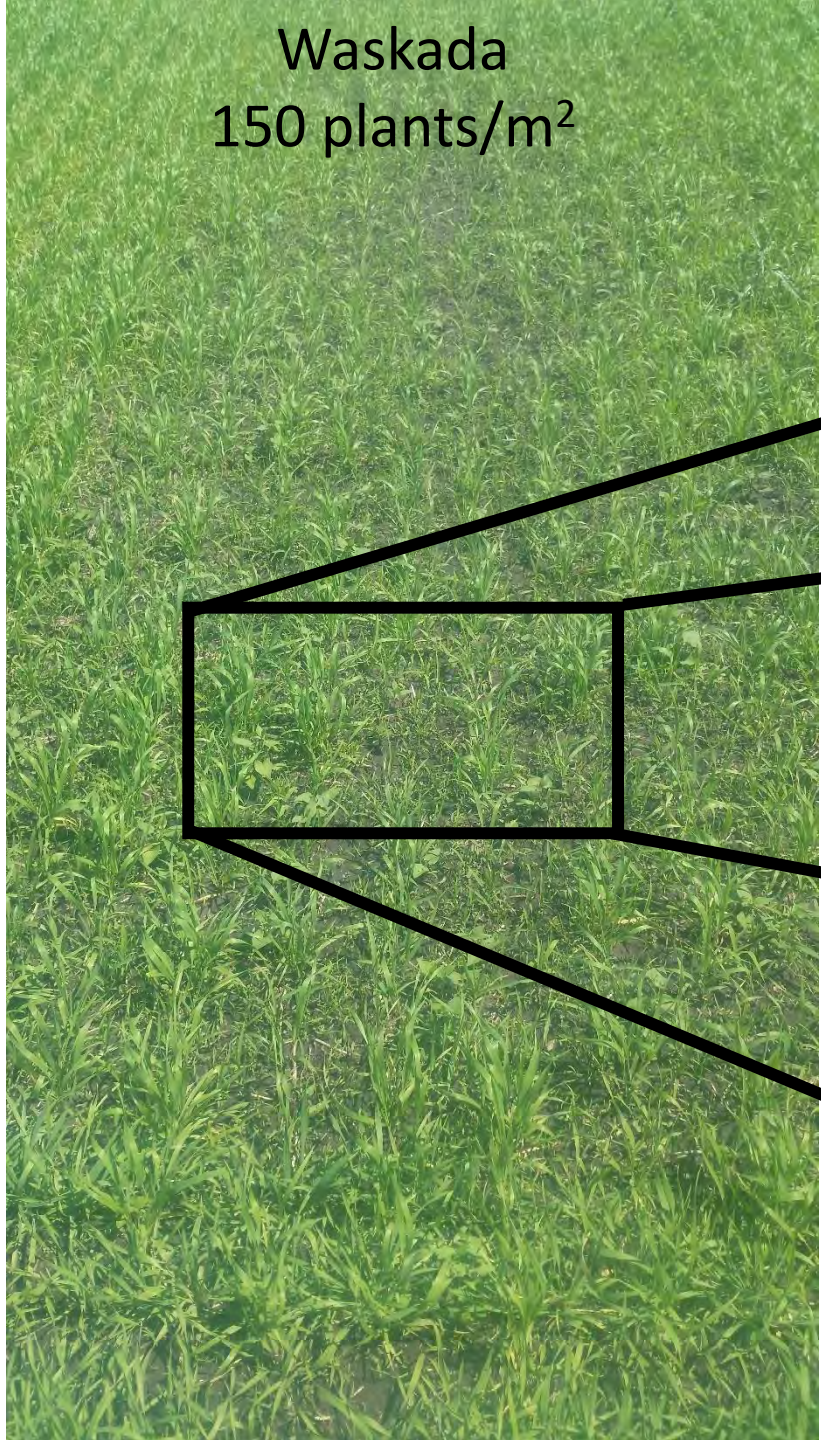
Waskada
150 plants/m²



Waskada
350 plants/m²

June 16 2016

Waskada
150 plants/m²





Cardale
150 plants/m²

A photograph of a field of Cardale plants with a density of 150 plants per square meter. The plants are arranged in distinct rows, and there is a noticeable amount of bare soil between the rows.



Cardale
250 plants/m²

A photograph of a field of Cardale plants with a density of 250 plants per square meter. The rows are more closely spaced than in the 150 plants/m² field, and the soil between rows is less visible.



Cardale
350 plants/m²

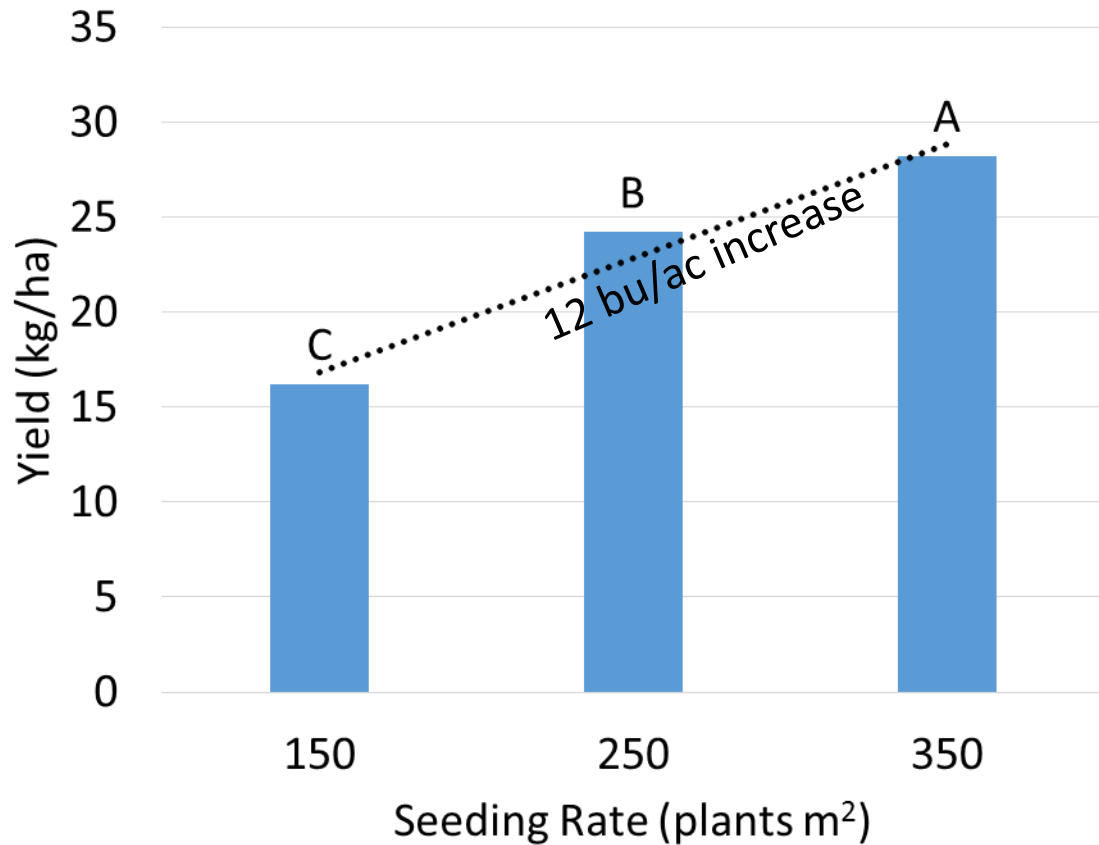
A photograph of a field of Cardale plants with a density of 350 plants per square meter. The plants are very densely packed, and the soil between rows is almost completely obscured.

June 16 2016

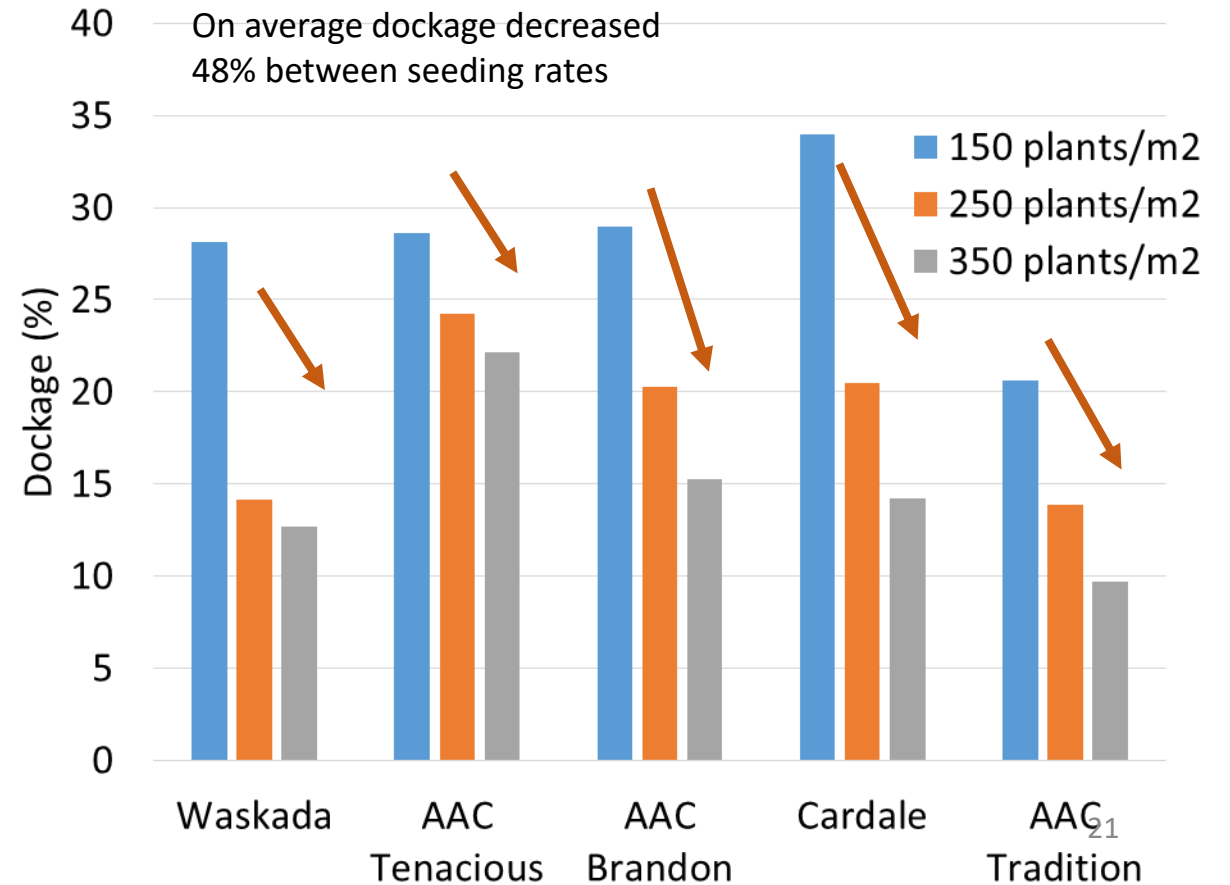
Wheat – by seeding rate – yield



Yield



Dockage



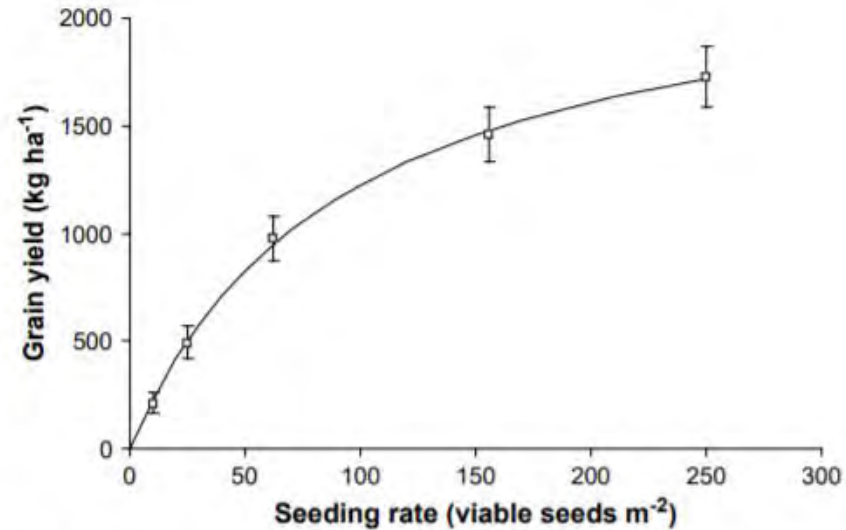


Fig. 3. The effect of seeding rate on grain yield of organically grown field pea. Points represent the mean of 4 site-years. Bars indicate standard error of the means.

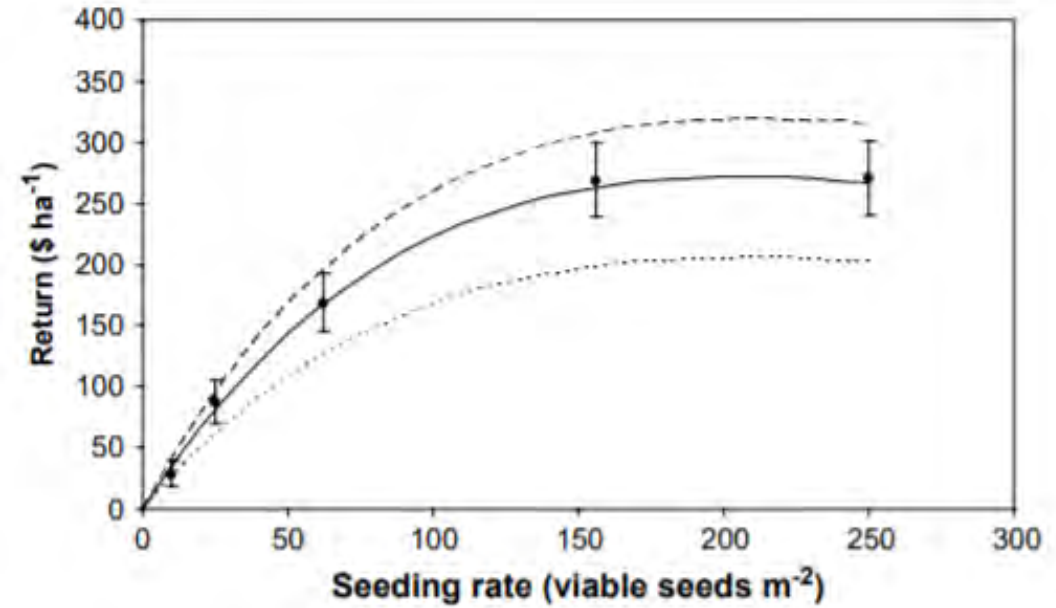
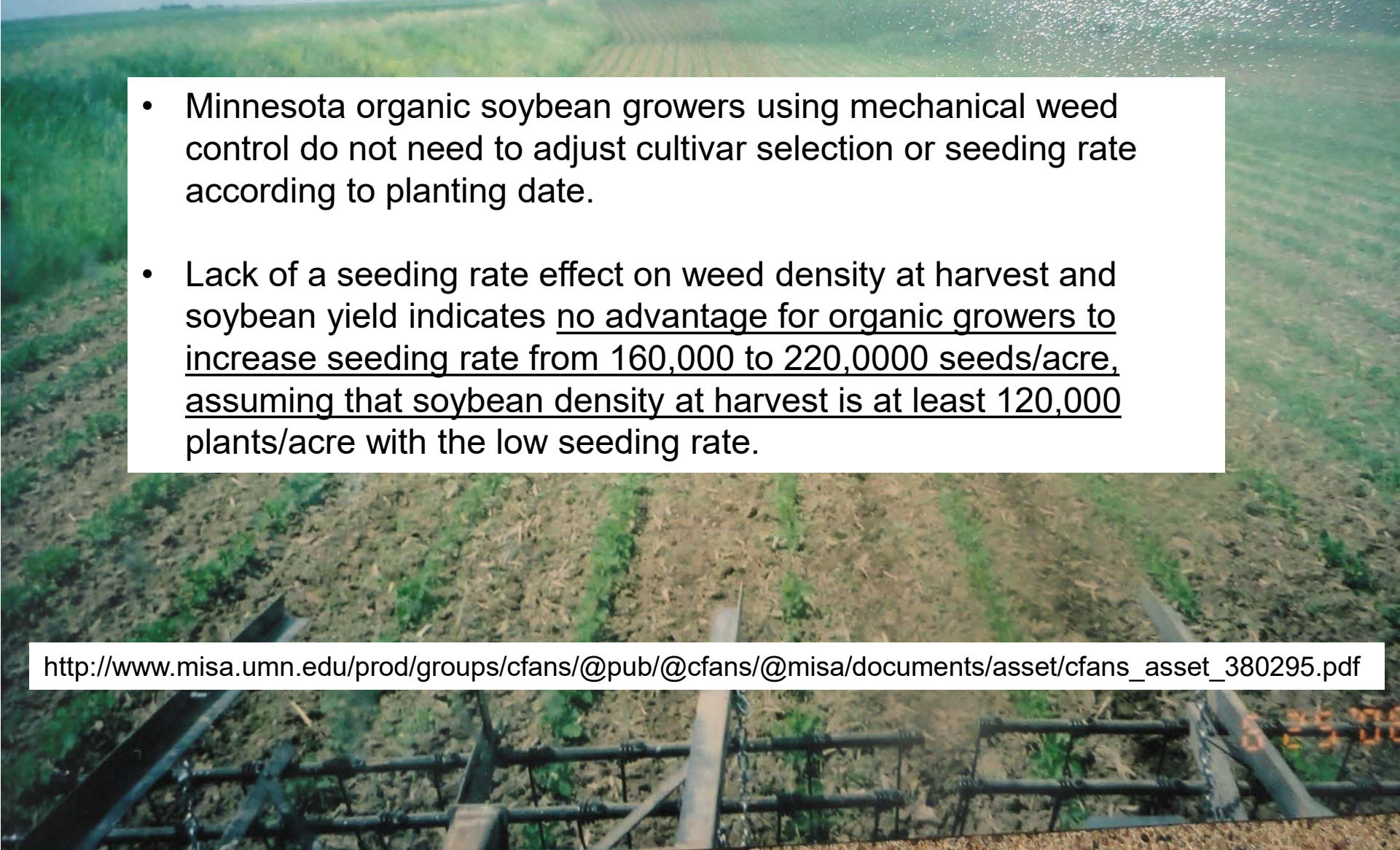


Fig. 4. Return for organic field pea combined for 4 site-years. Bars indicate standard error of the means. Regression lines indicate average price received (*), 2005 selling price (---), and 2006 selling price (...).

Baird, J.M., Walley, F.L. and Shirliffe, S.J., 2009. Optimal seeding rate for organic production of field pea in the northern Great Plains. *Canadian journal of plant science*, 89(3), pp.455-464.



Soybean Cultivar Response to Planting Date and Seeding Rate under Organic Management. 2011. Jeffrey A. Coulter,* Craig C. Sheaffer, Milton J. Haar, Donald L. Wyse, and James H. Orf . University of Minnesota

- Minnesota organic soybean growers using mechanical weed control do not need to adjust cultivar selection or seeding rate according to planting date.
- Lack of a seeding rate effect on weed density at harvest and soybean yield indicates no advantage for organic growers to increase seeding rate from 160,000 to 220,000 seeds/acre, assuming that soybean density at harvest is at least 120,000 plants/acre with the low seeding rate.

http://www.misa.umn.edu/prod/groups/cfans/@pub/@cfans/@misa/documents/asset/cfans_asset_380295.pdf

Seeding depth



1" (2.5 cm) Seeding Depth



2.5" (5 cm) Seeding Depth



June 16 2016

Deep seeding
reduces yield
potential



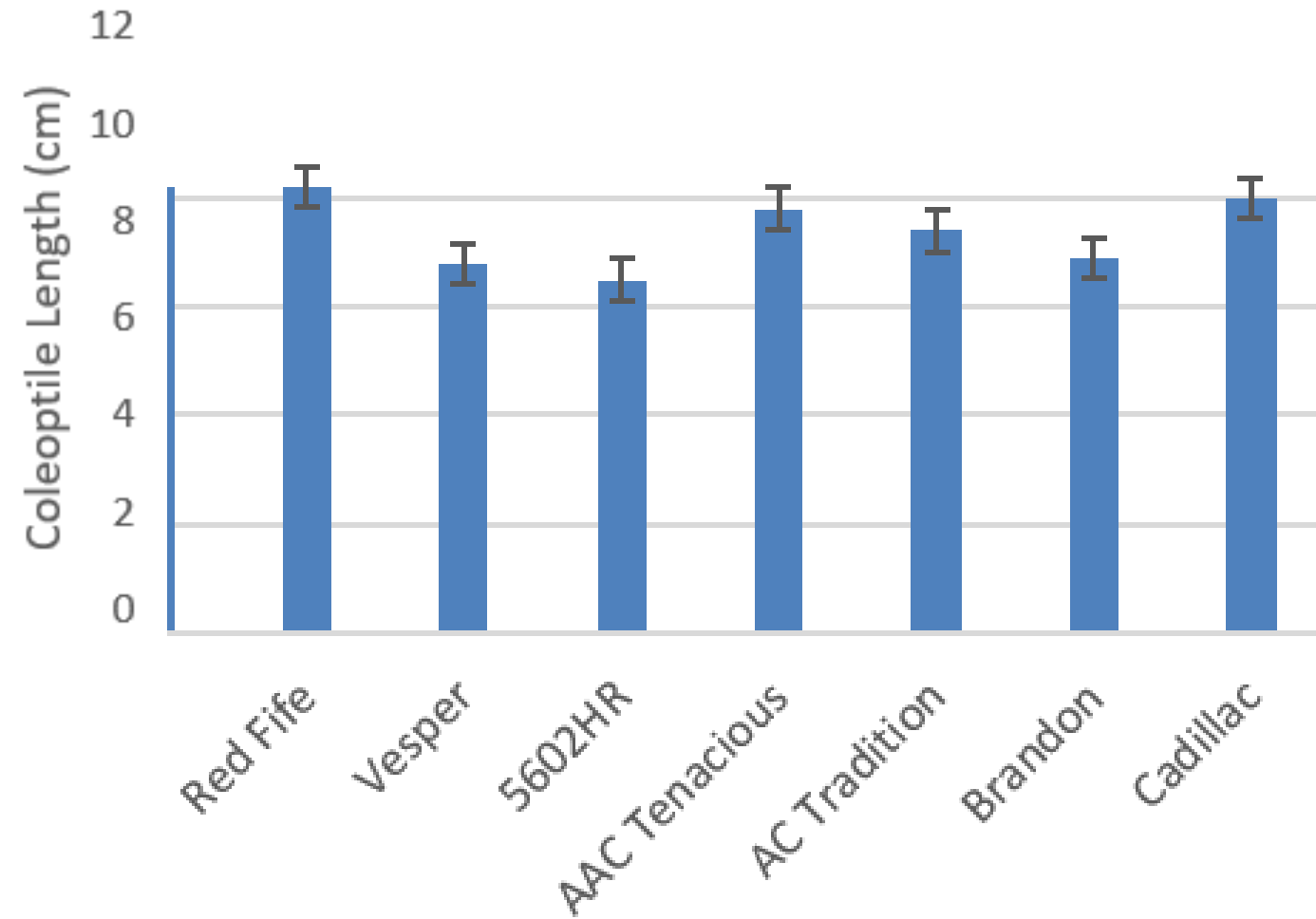
Location of
crown
(contains all the
buds for future
leaves and
roots)

Seeding depth

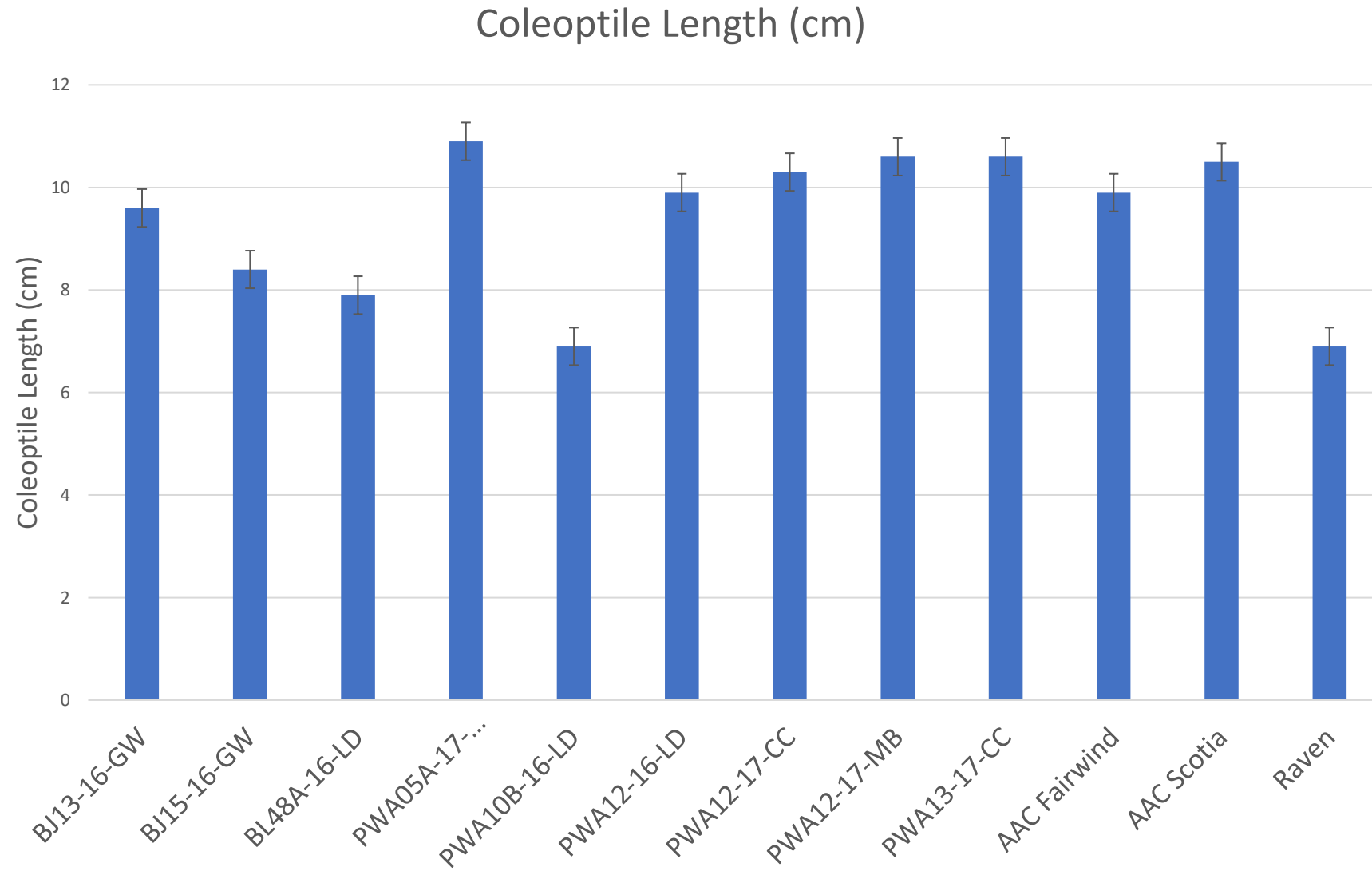
Deep seeding challenges ability of coleoptile to protect first leaf in cereals.



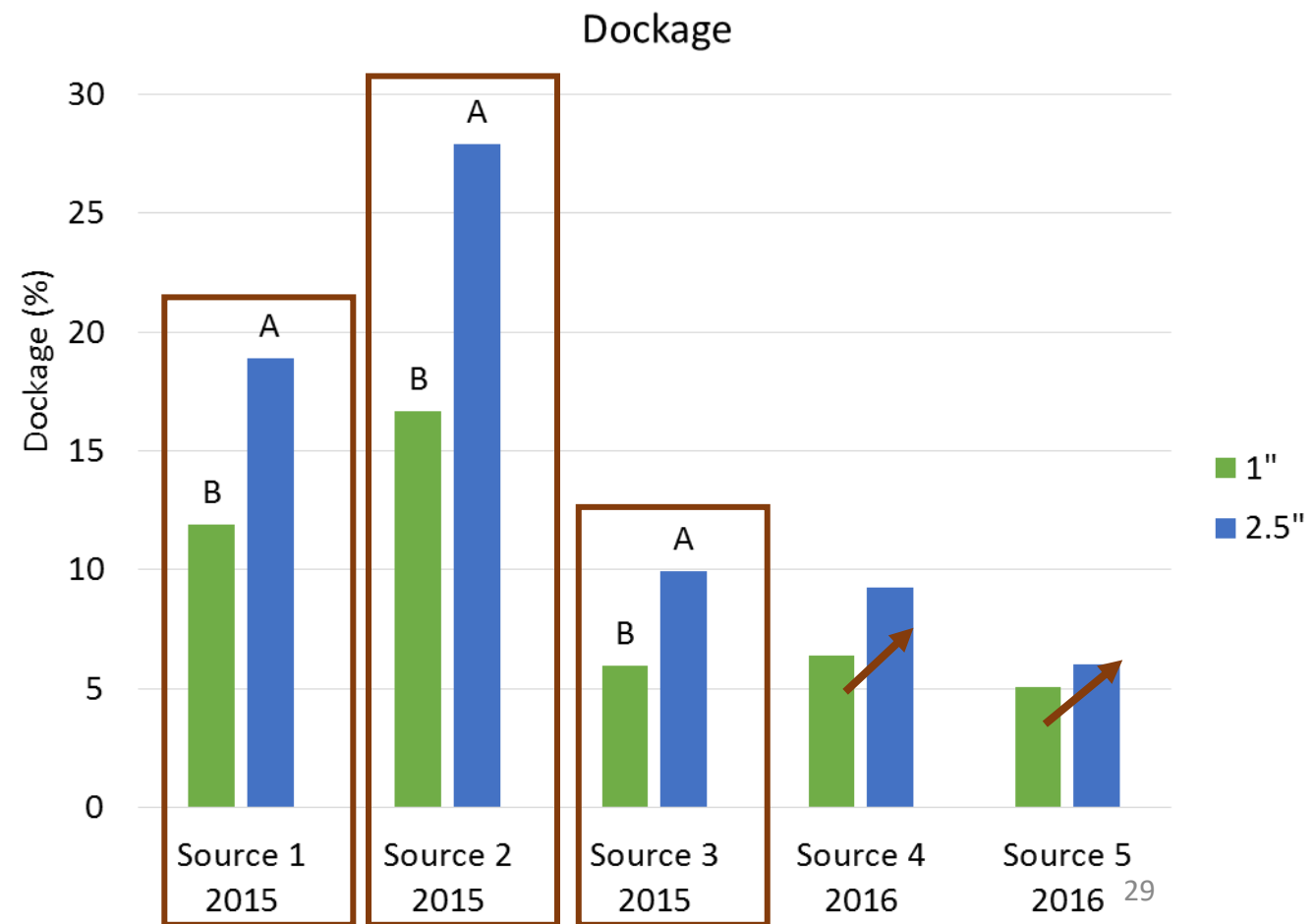
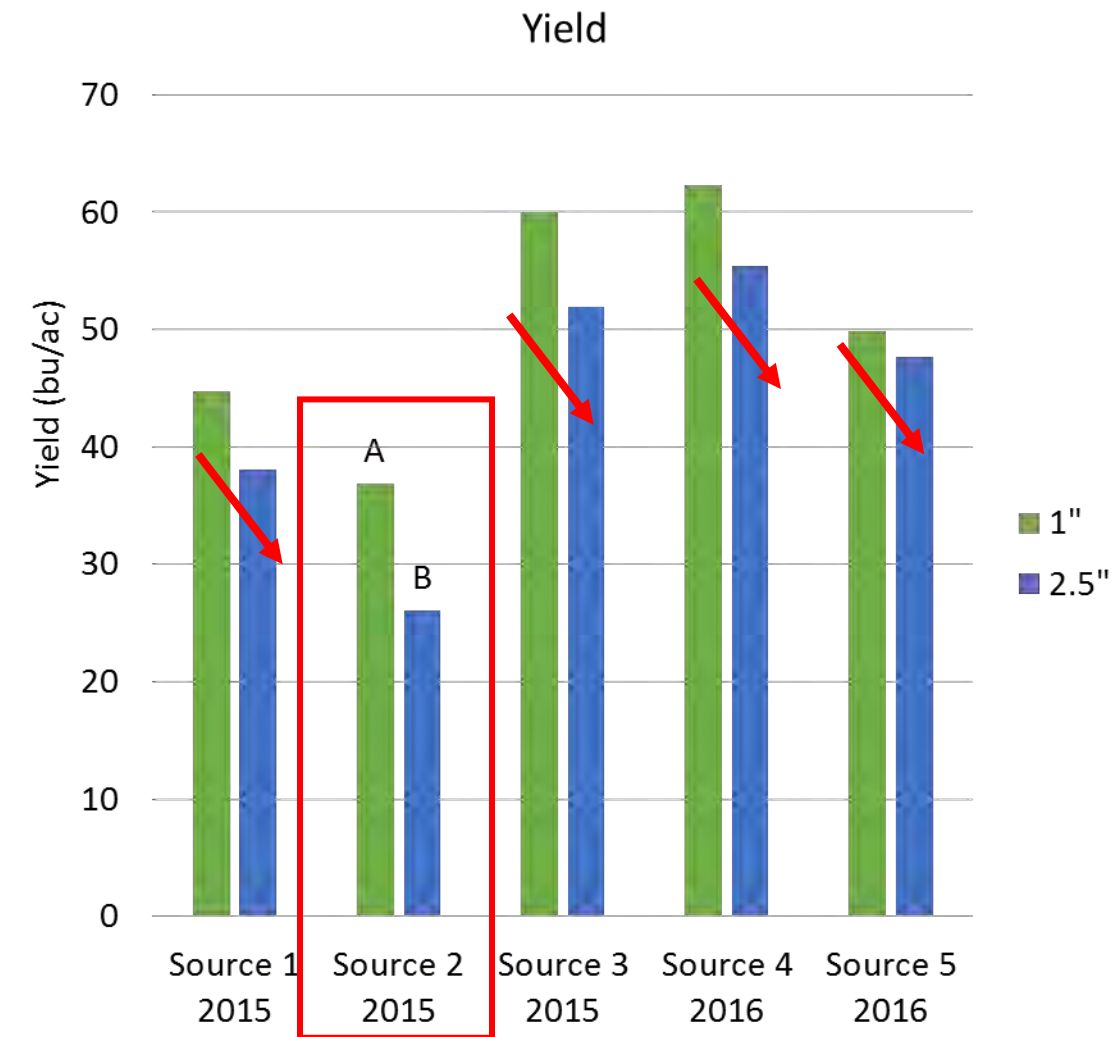
Coleoptile measurements in wheat: UM, unpublished



Coleoptile measurements in wheat: UM, unpublished





Barley Seeded Depth Effect on Final Yield





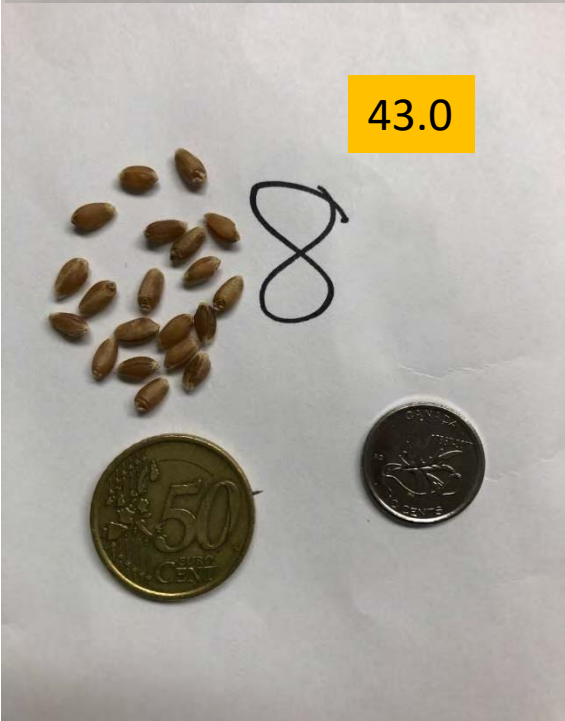
Seed shallow into moisture
-early seeding if possible
-dead cover crop to conserve moisture (eg. fall seeded oat)

Photo: Scott Beaton, Rosser, Manitoba

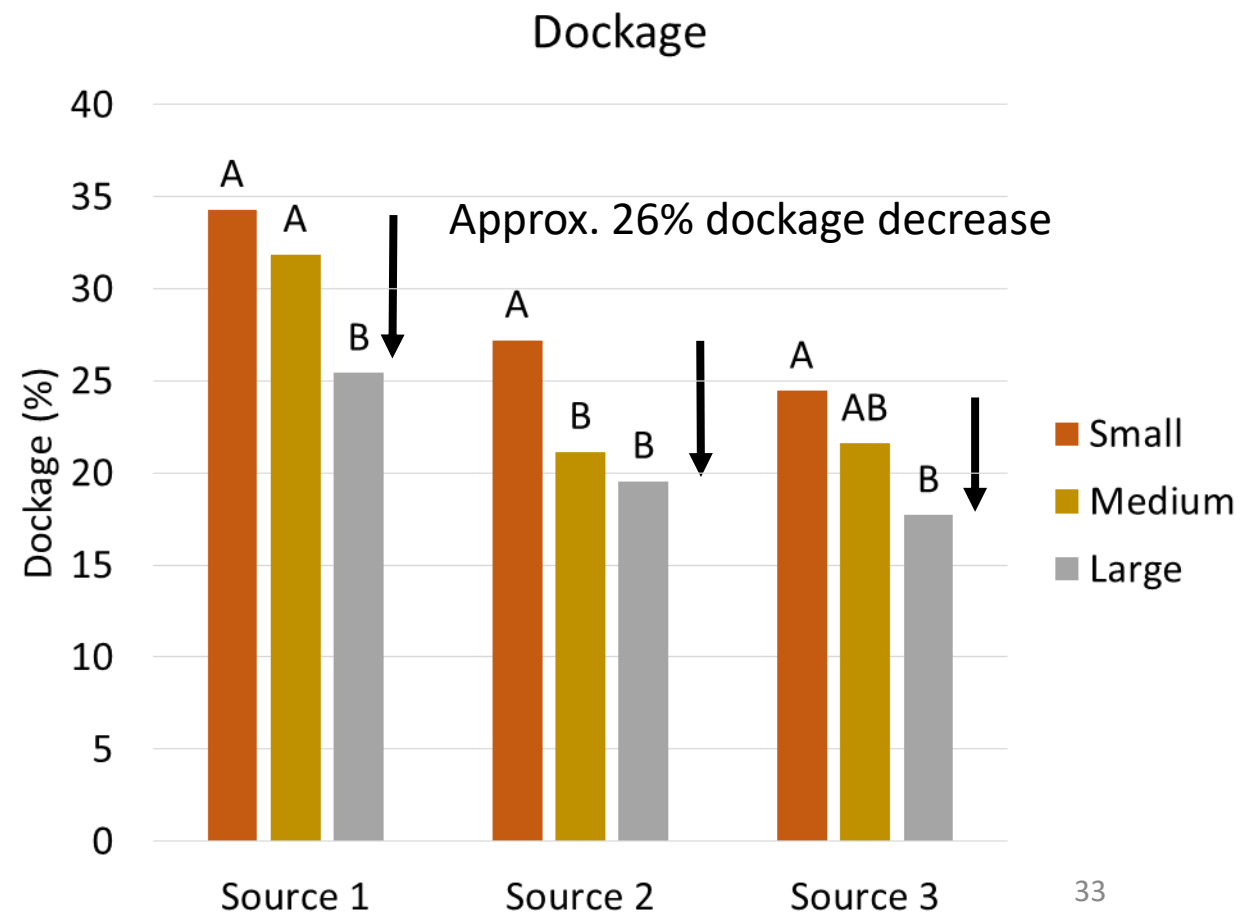
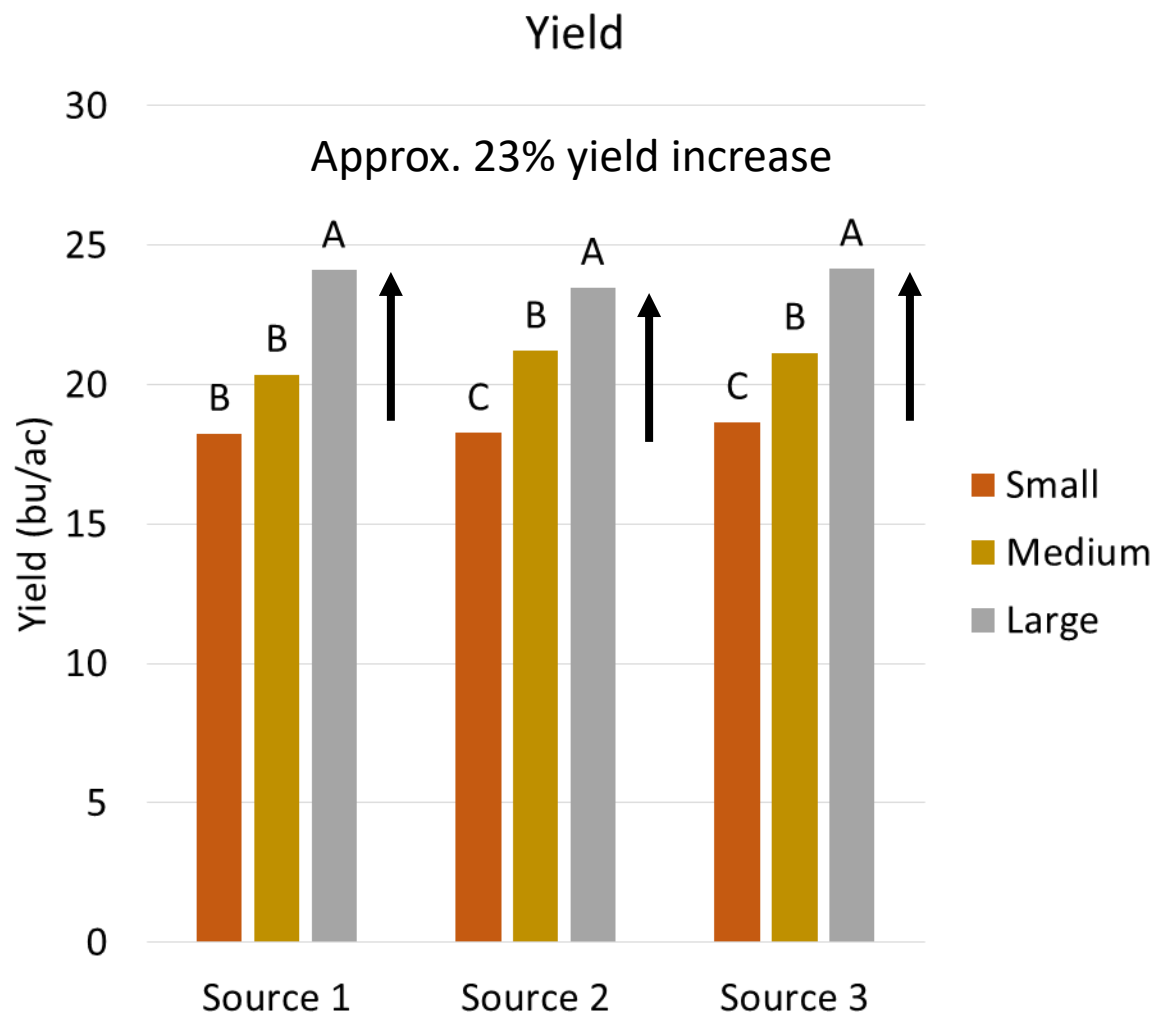
- 
- Crop cultivar selection
 - Seed testing
 - Seeding rates
 - Seeding depth
 - Seed size 
 - Intercrop options
 - Forages and cover crops

Wheat sieved using industry sieve sizes

"x"/64 x 3/4 inch



Wheat Seed Size Effect on Final Yield



1" Seeding Depth
Small Size



1" Seeding Depth
Medium Size



1" Seeding Depth
Large Size



June 16 2016

2.5" Seeding Depth
Small Size

2.5" Seeding Depth
Medium Size

2.5" Seeding Depth
Large Size

June 16 2016





Gold star goes to the combination of shallow seeding and large seed

Beneficial to sunlight capture and weed competition



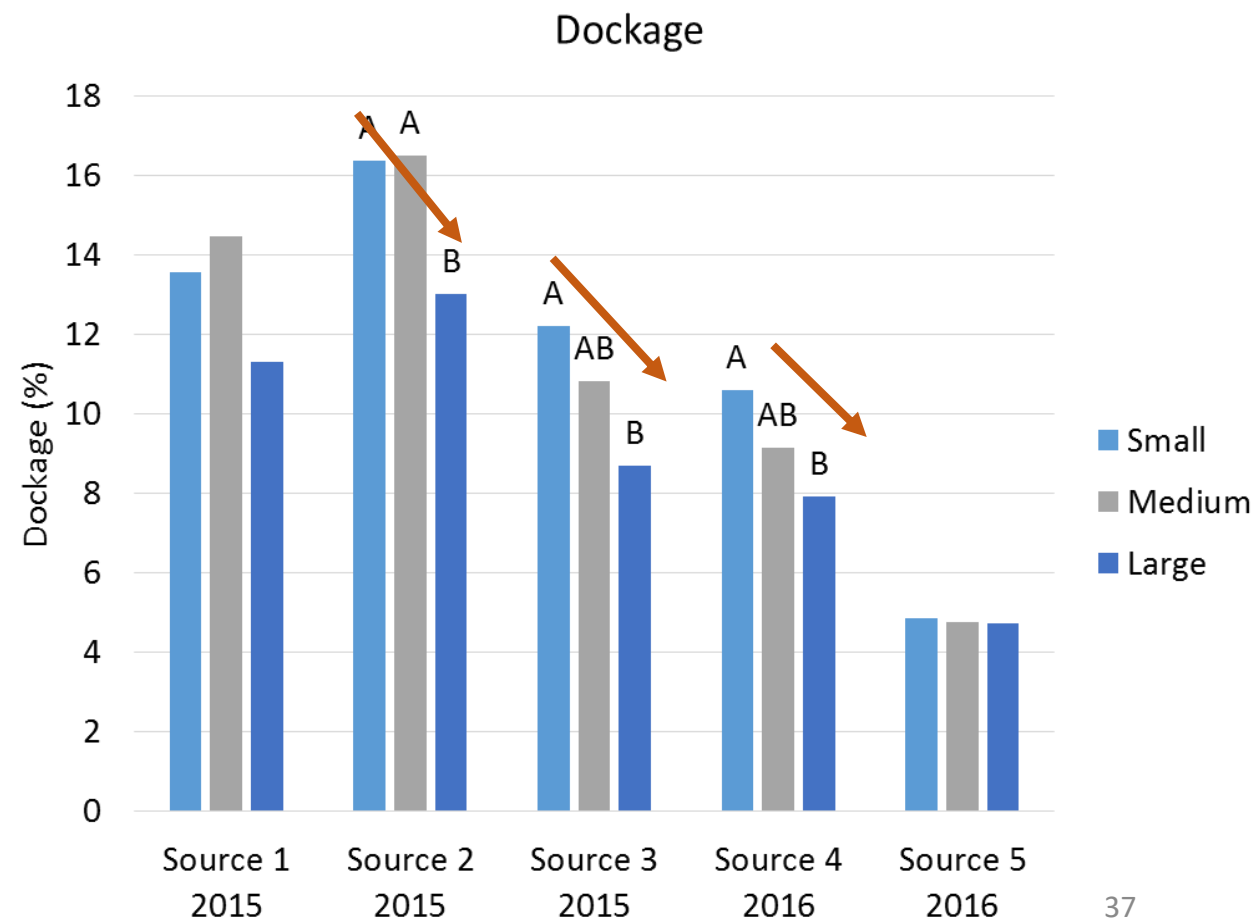
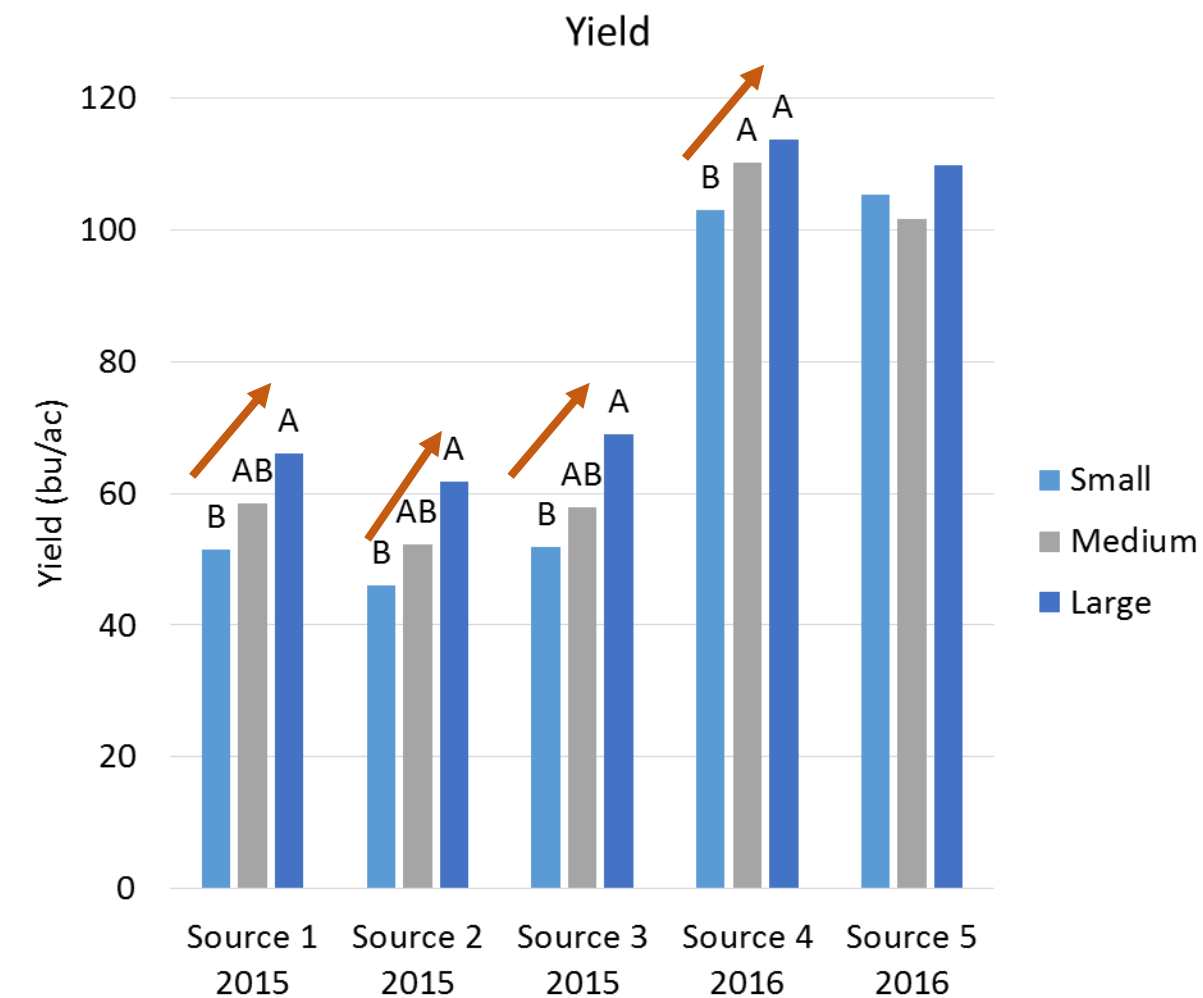
2.5" Seeding Depth
Small Size



1" Seeding Depth
Large Size



Oat Seed Size Effect on Final Yield



Using larger seeds means using a larger volume of seed per unit area of land during planting. One question therefore regards the economics of planting a larger volume of seed compared with a smaller volume of seed. Results from our study could be used to test the economic implication of increasing seed volume per hectare through the use of larger seeds. For example with barley, an investment in an extra 65 or 43 kg ha⁻¹ of seed (2015 and 2016, respectively) resulted in a grain yield increase of 871 and 339 kg ha⁻¹ for the 2 years. For oat, an investment of an extra 56 and 47 kg ha of seed (2015 and 2016, respectively) resulted in grain yield increases of 607 and 277 kg ha⁻¹ for the 2 years. Therefore, averaged across years and crops, our results show that for each 1 kg ha⁻¹ invested in seed, the return was 10 kg ha⁻¹ of grain; a 10 to 1 return on investment. This example

How best to get the extra seed mass

- Increased seeding rate?
- Increased seed mass/size?
- Combination?

Stanley, K.A. and Entz, M.H., 2019. Can large seed size compensate for deep seeding in organic barley (*Hordeum vulgare*) and oat (*Avena sativa*) production? An assessment of farm-saved seed. *Organic Agriculture*, 9(4), pp.373-381.



Tine Weeder/
broadcast seeder

Seeding systems for forage and cover crop establishment



Forages and cover crops

Clover which was relay-seeded into fall rye





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For more organic production resources visit:
www.pivotandgrow.com